Pending Claims

- 1. (Withdrawn)
- 2. (Withdrawn)
- 3. (Withdrawn)
- 4. (Withdrawn)
- 5. (Withdrawn)
- 6. (Withdrawn)
- 7. (Withdrawn)
- 8. (Withdrawn)
- 9, (Withdrawn)
- 10. (Original) A method for correcting for higher order aberrations of a patient's eye, comprising:

inflicting a required surgical trauma to the eye corresponding to a particular ophthamological procedure;

obtaining diagnostic wavefront information subsequent to inflicting the trauma; developing a treatment for correcting the higher order aberrations of the patient's eye based at least in part upon the subsequent wavefront information.

- 11. (Original) The method of claim 10, wherein the surgical trauma includes at least one of a lamellar corneal cut, a keratectomy, a keratotomy, a corneal abrasion, a corneal puncture, a corneal incision.
- 12. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein said trauma is a keratome cut to create a LASIK flap and further wherein said diagnostic wavefront information is obtained prior to lifting said flap.
- 13. (Original) The method of claim 10, wherein developing the treatment comprises

considering a biodynamical effect in response to the trauma, further wherein said subsequent wavefront information includes indicia of said biodynamical effect.

- 14. (Withdrawn)
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 10, further comprising obtaining a diagnostic measurement of the patient's eye prior to inflicting the surgical trauma.
- 16. (Original) The method of claim 15, further comprising using said prior diagnostic information and said subsequent wavefront information to develop said treatment.
- 17. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein developing the treatment includes determining an ablation profile that is adjusted with respect to a prospective ablation profile associated with correcting the higher order aberrations in the absence of considering the biodynamical effect in response to the trauma.
- 18. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein said adjustment is an empirical based adjustment.
- 19. (Original) The method of claim 10, wherein said subsequent wavefront information is obtained at a time after the infliction of the surgical trauma ranging from substantially immediately to an empirically or diagnostically determined time in consideration of a biodynamic effect of the eye in response to the surgical trauma.
- 20. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein said determined time is within one month of said trauma infliction.
- 21. (Original) The method of claim 10, wherein said obtained wavefront information is at least one of a direct wavefront measurement or derived from a non-direct wavefront measurement.
- 22. (Original) The method of claim 10, further comprising:
 considering a prospective biomechanical effect of the eye with respect to the developed treatment; and

adjusting said developed treatment, at least in part, as a function of the prospective biomechanical effect of the eye.

- 23. (Original) The method of claim 10, further comprising obtaining a different diagnostic measurement indicative of a characteristic of the epithelium of the eye, and using information from this measurement to adjust the developed treatment to compensate for a biomechanical effect of the eye.
- 24. (Original) The method of claim 23, wherein said epithelium characteristic includes at least one of an epithelial profile and epithelial thickness.
- 25. (Original) The method of claim 10, further comprising treating the eye.
- 26. (Original) The method of claim 25, wherein after said treatment, the sum total of rotationally symmetric aberrations is equal to or greater than a sum total of rotationally asymmetric aberrations.
- 27. (Original) The method of claim 10, wherein said diagnostic wavefront information is obtained by a measurement made through a line of sight of the patient's eye.
- 28. (Original) The method of claim 25, comprising performing a photoablative treatment with a laser beam having a diameter, d, at a target location between $0.5 \text{mm} \le d \le 7 \text{mm}$.
- 29. (Original) The method of claim 25, wherein said treatment includes at least one of photo-ablation and a corneal inlay.
- 30. (Original) The method of claim 29, comprising performing a photoablative treatment with a laser beam having a diameter, d, at a target location between $0.5 \text{mm} \le d \le 7 \text{mm}$.
- 31. (Withdrawn)
- 32. (Withdrawn)
- 33. (Withdrawn)
- 34. (Withdrawn)
- 35. (Withdrawn)

- 36. (Withdrawn)
- 37. (Withdrawn)
- 38. (Withdrawn)